

BE-1B

TUESDAY 12-5-06

AHSGE WORKBOOK

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Number

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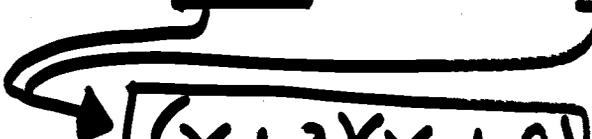
Pg. 492

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x^2 + 11x + 24$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sum} &= 11 \\ \text{prod} &= 24 \\ &\quad \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ &\quad +3 \quad +8 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x^2 + 3x) + (8x + 24)$$

$$x(x+3) + 8(x+3)$$



$$\boxed{(x+3)(x+8)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad c^2 - 3c + 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sum} &= -3 \\ \text{prod} &= 2 \\ &\quad \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ &\quad -1 \quad -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(c^2 - 1c) + (-2c + 2)$$

$$c(c-1) + -2(c-1)$$

$$\boxed{(c-1)(c-2)}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad N^2 + 13N - 48$$

$$\text{Sum} = 13$$

$$\text{prod} = -48$$

$$\begin{array}{c} / \quad \backslash \\ -3 \quad +16 \end{array}$$

Put -3 first to make grouping easier

$$(N^2 - 3N) + (6N - 48)$$

$$\underline{N(N-3)} + 16 \underline{(N-3)}$$

$$\boxed{(N-3)(N+16)}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad p^2 - 2p - 35$$

$$\text{Sum} = -2$$

$$\text{prod} = -35$$

$$\begin{array}{c} / \quad \backslash \\ +5 \quad -7 \end{array}$$

$$(p^2 - 7p) + (5p - 35)$$

$$p \underline{(p-7)} + 5 \underline{(p-7)}$$

$$\boxed{(p-7)(p+5)}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 3a^2 + 8a + 4$$

$$\text{sum} = 8$$

$$\text{prod} = 12$$

$$+2 \quad +6$$

$$(3a^2 + 2a) + (6a + 4)$$

$$\underline{a(3a + 2)} + 2(\underline{3a + 2})$$

$$\boxed{(3a + 2)(a + 2)}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 2p^2 + 14p + 24$$

$$2(p^2 + 7p + 12)$$

$$\text{sum} = 7$$

$$\text{prod} = 12$$

$$+3 \quad +4$$

$$2[(p^2 + 3p) + (4p + 12)]$$

$$2[p(\underline{p+3}) + 4(\underline{p+3})]$$

$$\boxed{2[(p+3)(p+4)]}$$

💡💡 GCF!

$$\begin{aligned} &(p+3)(2p+8) \\ &(p+3)(2)(p+4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 2x^2 + 13x + 20$$

$$S \Rightarrow 13$$

$$P \Rightarrow 40$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ +5 \quad +8 \end{array}$$

$$(2x^2 + 5x) + (8x + 20)$$

$$x(\underline{2x+5}) + 4(\underline{2x+5})$$

$$\boxed{(2x+5)(x+4)}$$

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HOMWORK