

Algebra 1 Tues. 4-2-13 Class Notes

Homework Review: Pg 484 7-23000

⑦ $5x^2 + 11x + 2$ Standard Form ✓
Sum = b = 11
prod = ac = 10

$+1 + 10$
 $(5x^2 + 1x) + (10x + 2)$
 $x(5x + 1) + 2(5x + 1)$

$(5x + 1)(x + 2)$ ✓

⑨ $4x^2 - 9x + 5$ Std. Form ✓
Sum = b = -9
prod = ac = 20

$-4 + 5$
 $(4x^2 - 4x) + (-5x + 5)$
 $4x(x - 1) + -5(x - 1)$

$(x - 1)(4x - 5)$ ✓

⑪ $5x^2 + 9x + 4$ Std Form ✓

sum = b = 9

prod = ac = 20

$(5x^2 + 4x) + (5x + 4)$
 $x(5x + 4) + 1(5x + 4)$

$(5x + 4)(x + 1)$ ✓

⑬ $4a^2 + 8a - 5$ Std Form ✓

sum = b = 8

prod = ac = -20

$(4a^2 - 2a) + (10a - 5)$
 $2a(2a - 1) + 5(2a - 1)$

$(2a - 1)(2a + 5)$ ✓

PUT + AS 3RD term IF you HAVE a choice

(15) $2x^2 + x - 6$ STD? ✓

$$\text{sum} = b = 1$$

$$\text{prod} = ac = -12$$

$$-3 + 4$$

$$(2x^2 - 3x) + (4x - 6)$$

$$x(2x - 3) + 2(2x - 3)$$

$$(2x - 3)(x + 2)$$

(17) $10x^2 - 9x - 1$ SF ✓

$$\text{sum} = b = -9$$

$$\text{prod} = ac = -10$$

$$+1 - 10$$

← PUT THIS 2ND

$$(10x^2 - 10x) + (1x - 1)$$

$$10x(x - 1) + 1(x - 1)$$

$$(x - 1)(10x + 1)$$

① $-2x^2 + 5x + 12$ SF ✓
 sum = $b = 5$
 prod = $ac = -24$
 $-3 + 8$ ← use AS 3RD term

$(-2x^2 - 3x) + (8x + 12)$
 $-x(2x + 3) + 4(2x + 3)$

$(2x + 3)(-x + 4)$

or $(2x + 3)(-1)(x - 4)$ BOOK ANSWER

② $-5x^2 + 7x + 6$ SF ? ✓
 sum = $b = 7$
 prod = $ac = -30$

$-3 + 10$
 $(-5x^2 - 3x) + (10x + 6)$
 $-x(5x + 3) + 2(5x + 3)$

$(5x + 3)(-x + 2)$ or $(-1)(5x + 3)(x - 2)$

$$\textcircled{23} \quad -4x^2 - 8x + 5 \quad \text{SF} = ?$$

$$\text{sum} = b = -8$$

$$\text{prod} = ac = -20$$

$$+2 \quad -10$$

$$(-4x^2 + 2x) + (-10x + 5)$$

$$-2x(2x - 1) + -5(2x - 1)$$

$$\boxed{(2x - 1)(-2x - 5)}$$

$$\text{or } (2x - 1)(-1)(2x + 5)$$