

Quadratic Function

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c = y$$

$$y = f(x)$$

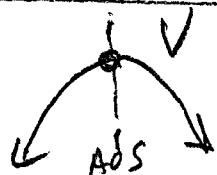
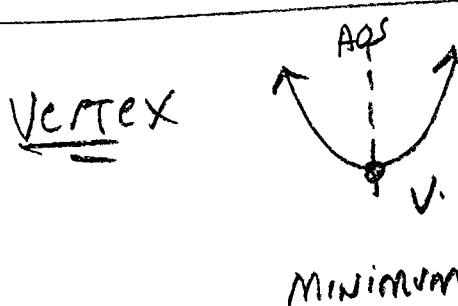
 "smiley" parabola $a \Rightarrow$ positive

 "frowny" parabola $a \Rightarrow$ negative

(Ex)

$$y = 2x^2 + 3x - 5 \text{ smiley}$$

$$y = -x^2 + 3x + 6 \text{ frowny}$$

Vertex

MAXIMUM

MINIMUM

Lines \Rightarrow horizontal $y = \text{CONSTANT}$

\Rightarrow vertical $x = \text{CONSTANT}$

Axes of Symmetry (AoS) $x = \frac{-b}{2a}$

QF $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ parabola

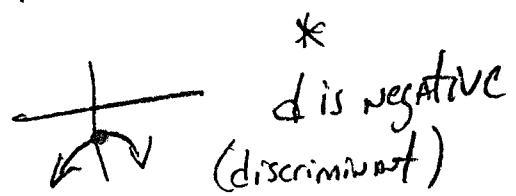


QE $0 = ax^2 + bx + c$

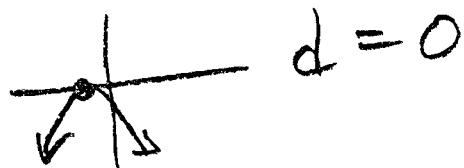
- Solve by factoring, if factorable
- Solve by the Quadratic Formula $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{d}}{2c}$
- These "x" are the x-intercepts of the parabola $(x_1, 0), (x_2, 0)$

\Rightarrow
no solution

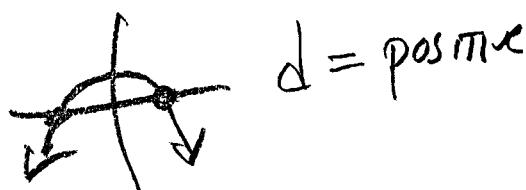
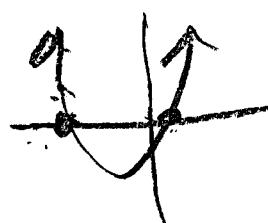
if there is *no solution,
that means the parabola does not cross the X axis.



ONE
SOLUTION



"normal" parabola
(2 x-intercepts)



(63)

$$y = 2x^2 - 8x + 5$$



$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{8}{4} = 2 \quad AOS \Rightarrow (x=2)$$

X	Y
2	-3
0	5
1	-1

