

BE-Alg.2 Monday 8-24-09

3 ACT QUESTIONS — 3 minutes

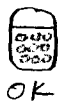
From "The Real ACT" 2ND Edition

⇒ "THE ONLY GUIDE WITH 3 "Real" ACT Tests"
"From the MAKERS OF THE ACT"

① Kayla ran $1\frac{2}{5}$ miles on Monday and $2\frac{1}{3}$ miles on Tuesday. What was the total distance, in miles, Kayla ran during these 2 days?

② If $4x + 3 = 9x - 4$, then $x = ?$

③ The formula for the volume V of a sphere with radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
If the radius of a spherical rubber ball is $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches, what is the volume to the nearest cubic inch?



$$\textcircled{1} \quad 1\frac{2}{5} \text{ mi.} + 2\frac{1}{3} \text{ mi} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{15} + \frac{5}{15} = \frac{11}{15}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{3\frac{11}{15} \text{ mi.}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \cancel{4x} + 3 = 9x - 4$$

$$\cancel{4x} + 4 \quad -4x \quad + 4$$

$$\frac{7}{5} = \frac{5x}{5}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{x = \frac{7}{5}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \quad r = 1\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4} \text{ in}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} (3.14) \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^3$$

$$V = \frac{\cancel{4}}{3} (3.14) \left(\frac{125}{\cancel{64}_{16}}\right) = \frac{(3.14)(125)}{48}$$

$$\hat{=} 8.18 \hat{=} \boxed{8 \text{ in}^3}$$

The importance of
doing A good job
ON
Homework!

	<u>HW1</u>	<u>Quiz 1</u> [*]	[*] 4-answer multiple choice ⇒ 0 ≈ 25%
Lowest	0%	25%	
5	56%	42%	
HW	56%	83%	
	67%	58%	
	69%	75%	
	≈	≈	
Highest	99%	100%	
5	96%	100%	
HW	91%	92%	
	91%	92%	
	91%	93%	

This was a short, ~15 question, quiz over
simple equations, a review topic for Alg. 2,
the gap gets wider (much wider) with new topics.

A little review:

"like" terms $\Rightarrow$ 1. same variable
2. variables have same exponent

"COMBINE" LIKE TERMS $\Rightarrow +$ or $-$

Ex) $\underline{2x} + \underline{3y} \quad \textcircled{-z} \quad \boxed{+4} + \underline{5xy} + \underline{3x} - \underline{2xy} + 4x^2$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 5x & + & 3y & - & z & + & 4 & + & 3xy & + & 4x^2 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{degree 1} & & \text{degree 1} & & \text{degree 0} & & \text{degree 0} & & \text{degree 2} & & \text{degree 2} \end{array}$$

The degree of a single term is the sum
(monomial)
of the exponents of all its variables

$$4x^2 + 3xy + 5x + 3y - z + 4$$

Sign Rules: $+$, $-$ SSA, KSS "same sign add, keep same sign"

Ex) $2 + 6 = 8$

$-2 - 6 = -8$

DSD, BOW "different signs take their difference, biggest one wins"

Ex) $-2 + 6 = 4$

$2 - 6 = -4$

SPECIAL "taking away a $-$ is a $+$ "

Ex) $-2 - (-6) = -2 + 6 = 4$

$\cdot, \div$ SPDN "same signs $+$, diff. signs $-$ "

Ex) $-2(-2) = 4$

$-2(2) = -4$

$\frac{-2}{-2} = 1$

F.R.

$+$, $-$ CD

$\cdot$ $\frac{+}{+}$
 $\frac{-}{-}$

$\div$ FEM

If you end up with the solution
to an equation like: $-x = 3$

"Change All signs" by
imagining you multiply (or divide)
both sides by -1 } $-1 \cdot -x = 3 \cdot -1$
"SPDN"
 $x = -3$

↑
WANT x NOT $-x$
"by itself"

• or $\div$ both sides by -1 "changes all signs"

Same way you move $-$ from bottom
of fraction to top

$$\frac{x}{-5} = \frac{x}{-5} \cdot \frac{-1}{-1} = \frac{-x}{5}$$

Never leave $-$ in bottom,
take advantage of "SPDN"
to move $-$ to top
"change all signs" in top & bottom

Read These Expressions:

$$X < 6$$

$$X > 6$$

$$X \leq 6$$

$$X \geq 6$$

$$X = 6$$

MATH EXPRESSION WITH AN EQUALS SIGN $\Rightarrow$ EQUATION

MATH EXPRESSION WITHOUT EQUALS SIGN $\Rightarrow$ "NOT EQUATION"
INEQUALITY

How does -6 compare to -5 ?

How does 6 compare to 5 ?

$$-6 < -5$$

$$6 > 5$$

Positives and negatives "compare" differently.
 So if you are solving an inequality, you
 have to worry if you do an undo
 that "changes all signs" — let's see...

Try $+, -, \cdot, \div \Rightarrow$ OK

Try $\cdot, \div$ WITH A NEGATIVE!

oops $\Rightarrow$ must change ALL signs which includes "flipping the $<, >, \leq, \geq$ symbol"

GRI - Golden Rule of Inequalities

"SAME AS GRE plus, if you multiply or divide by a negative, flip the inequality symbol."

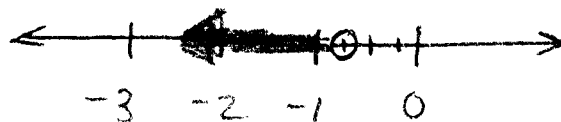
Ex $5 - 4a > 8$

$-5 \quad -5$

$-4a > 3$

$\frac{-4a}{-4} > \frac{3}{-4}$

$a < -\frac{3}{4}$



💡 WHEN USING GRI,
ASK YOURSELF AT
EACH STEP "DO I NEED TO FLIP?"

$<, > \Rightarrow$ open $\circ$

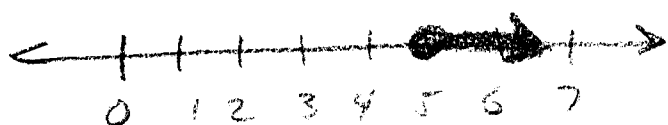
$\leq, \geq \Rightarrow$ filled $\bullet$

$$\textcircled{\text{Ex}} \quad 3x + 4 \geq 19$$

$$\quad \quad -4 \quad \quad -4$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} \geq \frac{15}{3}$$

$$\boxed{x \geq 5} \text{ or } \{x | x \geq 5\} \text{ or } [5, +\infty)$$



$$\textcircled{\text{Ex}} \quad x > 3 = (3, +\infty)$$

$$\textcircled{\text{Ex}} \quad x < 12 = (-\infty, 12)$$

$$\textcircled{\text{Ex}} \quad x \leq 12 = (-\infty, 12]$$

Ch. 1-5 Solving Inequalities

$$\text{Ex 3} \quad -m \leq \frac{m+4}{9}$$

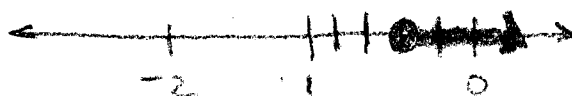
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$$9(-m) \leq \frac{m+4}{9} \cdot 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -9m \leq m+4 \\ -m \quad -m \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -10m \leq 4 \\ \hline -10 \quad -10 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{m \geq -\frac{2}{5}}$$



• Homework: PAGE 37-38 #4-12, 35, 36, 50, 51