

BE-PRECALC TUESDAY 9-1-09

From memory: ① Formula for: (A) Area of Circle
(B) Circumference of Circle

Mental Math: (2) (A) $\frac{3}{5} + 4$ (B) $\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{0}{3} \right)$

③ Find the EOL $\perp$ to $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3$ through $(4, -5)$

ACT
KMS
JUNE
09

④ The coordinates of the endpoints of $\overline{CD}$, in the standard (x, y) coordinate plane, are $(-4, -2)$ and $(14, 2)$. What is the x -coordinate of the midpoint of $\overline{CD}$?

⑤ In $\triangle ABC$ the sum of the measures of $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ is 47° . What is the measure of $\angle C$?

ANSWERS TO ACT

④ MIDPOINT = $\left(\frac{X_1 + X_2}{2}, \frac{Y_1 + Y_2}{2} \right)$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ -4+14 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

$$= 5$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \begin{array}{r} \angle A + \angle B + \angle C = 180^\circ \\ \quad \quad \quad \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ \quad \quad \quad 47^\circ \quad \quad \quad \underline{-47} \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \angle C = 133^\circ$$

Homework Review $\Rightarrow$ Pg 36 #22, 23, 25,
26, 28, 30

Answers:

(22) $2x - y - 8 = 0$ or $2x - y = 8$

$$Ax + By + C = 0$$

$$Ax + By = C$$

(23) $4x - 9y = 183$

(25) $x + 5y = -15$

(26) $x + 6y = -5$

(28) (A) $4x - 5y = -100$

(B) $5x + 4y = -43$

(30) (A) $\perp$ plus one vertical $\Rightarrow$ $\begin{matrix} x=3 & \text{(vertical)} \\ y=2 & \text{(horizontal)} \end{matrix}$

(B) $//$, no y intercept $\Rightarrow$ ^{BOTH} vertical

$$\begin{matrix} x=5 \\ x=6 \end{matrix}$$

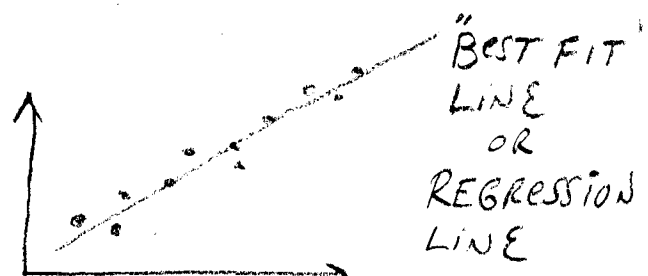
Ch. 1-6 MODELING Real-World DATA WITH LINEAR FUNCTIONS

↑
NUMBER FACTS

Scatter plot $\Rightarrow$



NO PATTERN
or
NO CORRELATION



LINEAR RELATIONSHIP

$\Rightarrow$ POSITIVE RELATIONSHIP
OR

POSITIVE CORRELATION



LINEAR RELATIONSHIP

$\Rightarrow$ NEGATIVE RELATIONSHIP
OR

NEGATIVE CORRELATION

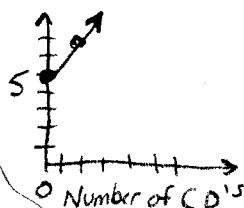
Real World Problems

NOTE:

SLOPE = RATE

b = "STARTING VALUE"

EX) PAY $\uparrow$ 5 to join club
AND $\uparrow$ 2 per CD to rent

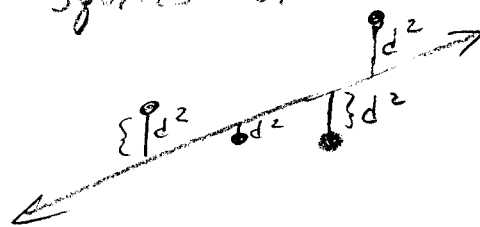


CAN ESTIMATE THE BEST FIT LINE BY USING
A "REASONABLE" PAIR OF POINTS $\Rightarrow$ "PREDICTION" LINE OR EQUATION
{ REF. EX 1 - Pg 39 }

$r \Rightarrow$ measure of how good the calculated "best fit" or Regression line fits the data. The closer to $+1$ for positive correlations and -1 for negative correlations, the better the fit.

Method $\Rightarrow$ "Least Squares" Best Fit

- Discovered by Gauss
- Minimize the total sum of the squares of the "errors"



Ex 2 Pg 40 $\Rightarrow$ Excel Demo

NOTE: Google Docs works too, but NOT AS WELL.

- Homework $\Rightarrow$ Pg. 44 # 15 to 19.