

STANDARD II: The student will be able to solve equations and inequalities.

OBJECTIVE

2. Solve quadratic equations that are factorable.

ELIGIBLE CONTENT

- Factoring of the type $ax^2 + bx = 0$ may be required.
- The following factoring may be required:
 - difference of two squares
 - greatest common monomial
 - trinomial
 - common binomial

SAMPLE ITEMS

1 Solve: $16x^2 - 1 = 0$

- A $\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}$
- B $\frac{1}{16}, -\frac{1}{16}$
- C $4, -4$
- D $16, -16$

2 Solve: $3x^2 - 2x - 5 = 0$

- A $\frac{5}{3}, -1$
- B $\frac{3}{5}, -1$
- C $\frac{5}{3}, 1$
- D $-\frac{5}{3}, 1$

Tips:

Put the quadratic equation in standard form. Pull out any GCF. Look for special patterns.

Use magic number method to factor, ZPP to solve (Zero Product Property).

If $b = 0$, isolate squared term, solve by taking square root of both sides.

If $c=0$, solve by factoring GCF.

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3 Solve: $4x(x+1) - (x+1) = 0$

- A $0, \frac{1}{4}$
- B $1, \frac{1}{4}$
- C $-1, 0$
- D $-1, \frac{1}{4}$

4 Solve: $3x^2 - 9x = 0$

- A $3, 9$
- B $0, -3$
- C $0, 3$
- D $0, 9$

5 Solve: $5x^2 - 12 = 11x$

A $-\frac{4}{5}, 3$

B $\frac{4}{5}, -3$

C $-\frac{6}{5}, 2$

D $\frac{6}{5}, -2$