

- Homework Review

- (EX 5) Pg 330

$$\frac{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{x}{4}}{\frac{x+1}{x}}$$

- (EX 6) train: Avg. =  $30 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}}$  to place

Avg =  $40 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}}$  home

Find: Avg speed for whole trip

$$d = rt \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{H} \xrightarrow{d} \text{P} \end{array} \quad \therefore \text{total dist.} = 2d$$

$$r = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{d}{r} \Rightarrow \text{total time} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{d}{30} + \frac{d}{40} \right)$$

$$\therefore r = \frac{2d}{\left( \frac{d}{30} + \frac{d}{40} \right)} \quad (\text{CONT})$$

EX5  
Pg 330

$$\frac{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{x}{4}}{x+1} = \frac{\frac{8+x^2}{4}}{1} \cdot \frac{*}{x+1}$$

$$* \left[ \frac{x^2+8}{4(x+1)} \right] = \text{or} \frac{x^2+8}{4x+4}$$

EX6

$$\frac{2d}{\frac{d}{30} + \frac{d}{40}} = \frac{2d}{\frac{4d}{120} + \frac{3d}{120}} = \frac{2d}{\frac{7d}{120}}$$

↓

$$\frac{2\cancel{d}}{1} \cdot \frac{120}{7\cancel{d}} = \frac{240}{7} = 34.28$$
$$= \boxed{34.3 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}}}$$

Homework Review: Pg 332 #3-1500A

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{3x-4}{4x+5} - \frac{5x+3}{4x+5} = \boxed{\frac{-2x-7}{4x+5}}$$

$$x \neq -\frac{5}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 4x^2y^3, 16x^4y$$

$$\boxed{16x^4y^3} \quad \text{LCM}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{3x-2}{(x+6)} + \frac{2x-3}{(2x-1)}$$

$$\frac{(3x-2)(2x-1)}{(x+6)(2x-1)} + \frac{(x+6)(2x-3)}{(x+6)(2x-1)}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 - 7x + 2 + 2x^2 + 9x - 18}{(x+6)(2x-1)}$$

$$\frac{8x^2 + 2x - 16}{(x+6)(2x-1)} = \boxed{\frac{2(4x^2 + x - 8)}{(x+6)(2x-1)}}$$

$$x \neq -6, \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \frac{3x-4}{x^2-9} + \frac{2x-1}{x+3}$$

$$\frac{3x-4}{(x-3)(x+3)} + \frac{2x-1}{(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{3x-4}{(x-3)(x+3)} + \frac{(x-3)(2x-1)}{(x-3)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{3x-4+2x^2-7x+3}{(x-3)(x+3)}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2x^2-4x-1}{(x-3)(x+3)}} \quad \boxed{x \neq \pm 3}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \frac{2x+8}{x^2-16} - \frac{3}{x-4}$$

$$\frac{2(\cancel{x+4})}{(x-4)(\cancel{x+4})} - \frac{3}{(x-4)}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{-1}{(x-4)} \quad x \neq \pm 4}$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad \frac{2x-3}{\cancel{x-2}} \cdot \frac{(\cancel{x-2})(x+2)}{4x-3}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{4x-3}}{\cancel{x^2-4}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(2x-3)(x+2)}{4x-3}}$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad \frac{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{2x}{x+2}} = \frac{3}{x} \cdot \frac{(x+2)}{2x}$$
$$= \boxed{\frac{3(x+2)}{2x^2}}$$

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